





# MTD-X

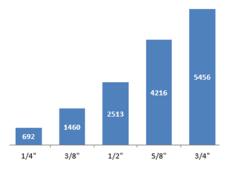
## **CHARACTERISTICS**

- Installation by controlled torque
- Use for heavy duty loads.
- Nominal drill bit size is the same as the anchor diameter
- Anchor can be installed through standard fixture holes
- Ring marks for correct embedment depth indication: accurate installation depth
- Washer and nut pre-assembled
- Length ID code stamped on head of each anchor
- Anchor design allows for follow-up expansion after setting under tensile loading
- Code listed under IBC/IRC in accordance with ICC AC193 and ACI 355.2 for cracked and uncracked concrete, and in accordance with ICC ACO1 for cracked and uncracked grouted masonry.
- Code listed under NBC in accordance with CSA A23.3-19, Annex D, for cracked and uncracked concrete.
- Qualified for static, wind and seismic loads.
- Available in zinc-plated steel with sherardized clip

## **APPLICATION**

**ALLOWABLE TENSION LOADS FOR DEEP EMBEDMENT DEPTH IN 2,500** psi UNCRACKED CONCRETE with  $\alpha = 1,48$  [lb]

- Structural connections, i.e., beam and column anchorage.
- Safety-related attachments.
- Interior applications / low level corrosion environment.
- Tension zone applications, i.e., cable trays and strut, pipe supports, fire sprinklers.
- Seismic and wind loading.
- Indoor and outdoor structural fixings in concrete
- Safety barriers
- Fixing billboards, boilers, signals, advertising hoardings, etc.
- Installation of sprinkler systems.



## **BASE MATERIAL**







#### **SIZE RANGE**

1/4" - 3/4"

## **DRILL HOLE CONDITION**







DRY

WFT

**FLOODED** 

#### **APPROVALS**







ESR-4200 ELC-4200 ESR-5412

Florida approval FL30478

Codes compliance: IBC / IRC 2024, 2021, 2018, 2015, 2013, 2009 and 2006 LABC / LARC 2023 CBC / CRC 2022 FBC 2023

# **APPLICATIONS EXAMPLES**







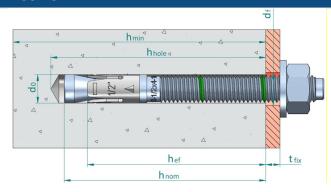


FT MTD-X-en 24/10/25 1 of 11 Ref. Rev: 15



1.	RANGE				
ITEM	CODE	SIZE	РНОТО	COMPONENTS	MATERIAL
1	MTD-X	1/4" – 3/4"		Bolt Clip Nut Washer	Carbon steel Carbon steel, sherardized EN 13811 ASME B18.2.2 class 2B ASME B18.21.1 type A series N Coating: zinc-plated ≥ 0,0002 in

# 2. INSTALLATION DATA IN CONCRETE



Parameter	Symbol	Units					hor diameter			
	<b>0,</b>	· · · · · · ·	1/4"	3/8"	1/	2"	•	8"	3/	/4"
ICC approved			$\checkmark$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
FM certified				✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
UL certified				✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
Florida approved				✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Outside diameter	d <sub>0</sub>	in (mm)	1/4 (6.4)	3/8 (9.5)	1/2 (12.7)	1/2 (12.7)	5/8 (15.9)	5/8 (15.9)	3/4 (19.1)	3/4 (19.1)
Nominal embedment depth	h <sub>nom</sub>	in (mm)	1.68 (43)	2.33 (59)	2.33 (59)	3.59 (91)	3.23 (82)	4.49 (114)	3.74 (95)	5.26 (134)
Effective embedment depth	h <sub>ef</sub>	in (mm)	1 1/2 (38)	2 (51)	2 (51)	3 1/4 (83)	2 3/4 (70)	4 (102)	3 1/4 (83)	4 3/4 (121)
Minimum hole depth	h <sub>hole</sub>	in (mm)	2 (51)	2 5/8 (67)	2 5/8 (67)	4 (102)	3 1/2 (89)	4 3/4 (121)	4 (102)	5 3/4 (146)
Maximum fixture clearance hole dia.	df	in (mm)	5/16 (7.9)	7/16 (11.1)	9/16 (14.3)	9/16 (14.3)	11/16 (17.5)	11/16 (17.5)	7/8 (22.2)	7/8 (22.2)
Installation torque	T <sub>inst</sub>	ft lbf (Nm)	5 (7)	30 (41)	45 (61)	45 (61)	75 (102)	75 <sup>6</sup> (102)	150 (203)	150 (203)
Minimum concrete thickness	h <sub>min</sub>	in (mm)	4 (102)	4 (102)	4 (102)	6 (152)	5 1/2 (140)	6 (152)	6 1/2 (165)	6 (152)
Critical edge distance	Cac	in (mm)	2 3/4 (70)	6 (152)	6 (152)	7 1/2 (191)	7 (178)	8 ½ (216)	9 (229)	12 (305)
Minimum edge distance (c <sub>min</sub> ) for	C <sub>min</sub>	in (mm) in	1 3/4 (44) 2 1/4	2 1/2 (64) 6 1/2	3 (76) 6	2 1/2 (64) 6	3 1/2 (89) 8	7 (178) 4 1/4	3 1/2 (89) 6	5 (127) 10 1/2
spacing (s ≥) Minimum spacing	Smin	(mm) in (mm)	(57) 2 1/4 (57)	(165) 2 1/2 (64)	(152) 2 3/4 (70)	(152) 2 1/2 (64)	(203) 4 1/2 (114)	(108) 4 1/4 (108)	(152) 4 (102)	(267) 5 (127)
(s <sub>min</sub> ) for edge distance (c ≥)	c≥	in (mm)	1 3/4 (44)	4 (102)	6 (152)	4 (102)	6 (152)	7 (178)	5 (127)	10 1/2 (267)
Minimum overall anchor length	<b>ℓ</b> anc	in (mm)	2 1/4 (57)	3 (76)	3 1/2 (89)	4 1/2 (114)	4 1/4 (108)	5 1/2 (140)	5 (127)	6 1/2 (165)
Spanner	Sw	_	7/16	9/16	3.	/4	15	/16		1-1/8

Ref. **FT MTD-X-en** Rev: 15 **24/10/25 2** of **11** 

# **TEHCNICAL DATASHEET**



For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 ft-lb = 1.356 Nm.

The embedment depth,  $h_{nom}$ , is measured from the outside surface of the concrete member to the embedded end of the anchor prior to tightening.

The listed minimum overall anchor length is based on anchor sizes commercially available at the time of publication compared with the requirements to achieve the minimum nominal embedment depth and possible fixture attachment.

Holes in metal fixtures to be mounted should match the diameter specified in the table.

Caution: do not use impact wrench to set or tighten anchor.

Caution: oversized holes in base material will make it difficult to set the anchor and will reduce the anchors' load capacity

Use installation torque 80 ft.lbf for FM applications

Length ID marking on stud	Units	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	1	J	К	L	М	N	0	Р	Q
Length of the anchor min ≥	in	1 1/2	2	2 1/2	3	3 1/2	4	4 1/2	5	5 1/2	6	6 1/2	7	7 1/2	8	8 1/2	9	9 1/2
Length of the anchor max <	in	2	2 1/2	3	3 1/2	4	4 1/2	5	5 1/2	6	6 1/2	7	7 1/2	8	8 1/2	9	9 1/2	10

## 3. PRODUCT INSTALLATION IN CONCRETE



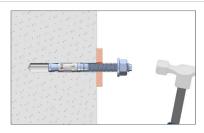
#### 1. DRILLING

Drill a hole into the base material of the correct diameter and depth using a drill bit that meets the requirements of ANSI B212.15  $\,$ 



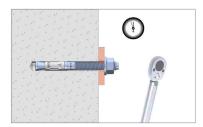
## 2. BLOW AND CLEAN

Remove dust and debris from hole using a hand pump, compressed air or a vacuum to remove loose particles left from drilling.



#### 3. INSTALL

Position the washer on the anchor and thread on the nut. If installing through a fixture drive the anchor through the fixture into the hole. Be sure the anchor is driven until the corresponding green mark depth is levelled with the base material surface. Use a hammer if necessary.



## 4. APPLY THE TORQUE

Tighten the anchor with a torque wrench by applying the required installation torque, Tins. Note: the threaded stud will draw up during tightening of the nut the expansion wedge (nut) remains in the original position. Once installed, the total length of the anchor may be checked using the letter on the head

Ref. FT MTD-X-en Rev: 15 24/10/25 3 of 11



4. INSTALLATIO	4. INSTALLATION ACCESSORIES											
Code no.	Description	Box qty.	Image									
МОВОМВА	Hand pump / Dust blower.	1	$\vdash$									
MORCEPKIT	Kit 3 cleaning brushes	1	1									

Tension design inf	INFORMATION										
renoion deoign iii	ormation.					Nom	inal anch	or diame	ter		
Design ch	aracteristic	Notation	Units	1/4"	3/8"	1/	<b>'2</b> "	5/	'8"	3/4	4"
Nominal embedment	depth	h <sub>nom</sub>	in (mm)	1.68 (43)	2.33 (59)	2.33 (59)	3.59 (91)	3.23 (82)	4.49 (114)	3.74 (95)	5.26 (134)
Anchor category		1, 2 or 3	-	1	1		1		1	1	Ĺ
		STEEL STRENG	TH IN TENSIO	N (ACI 318-:	14 17.4.1 or	ACI 318-11	D.5.1)				
Minimum specified ult (neck)	timate tensile strength	$f_{uta}$	psi (N/mm²)	113,000 (780)	108,788 (750)		,878 30)		,526 00)	95,7 (66	
Minimum specified yie	eld strength (neck)	f <sub>y</sub>	psi (N/mm²)	90.500 (624)	85,000 (585)		000 85)		000 60)	77,0 (53	
Effective tensile stress	area (neck)	$A_{se,N}$	in <sup>2</sup> (mm <sup>2</sup> )	0.0230 (14,8)	0.0562 (36.3)		100 1.5)		160 3.2)	0.2 (153	
Steel strength in tensi	on <sup>3</sup>	$N_{sa}$	lb (kN)	2,599 (11.6)	6,125 (27.2)		600 7.2)		240 2.2)	22,7 (10)	
Safety factor for steel	strength <sup>4</sup>	фѕа	-				0.7	5			
	1	PULLOUT STREN	GTH IN TENS	ION (ACI 31	3-14 17.4.3	or ACI 318-1	l1 D.5.3)				
Characteristic pullout concrete (2,500 psi) <sup>6,7</sup>	strength, uncracked	N <sub>p,uncr</sub>	lb (kN)	1,575 (7.01)	3,325 (14.79)	3,394 (15.10)	5,723 (25.46)	-	-	-	-
Characteristic pullout concrete (2,500 psi) <sup>6,7</sup>	•	$N_{p,cr}$	lb (kN)	NA	2,163 (9.62)	-	4,252 (18.91)	-	-	-	-
Characteristic pullout concrete (2,500 psi), s	•	$N_{p,eq}$	lb (kN)	NA	2,115 (9.41)	-	4,252 (18.91)	-	-	-	-
Normalization	Uncracked concrete	n	-	0.32	0.38	0.39	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
exponent	Cracked concrete	n	-	NA	0.50	0.50	0.46	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Strength reduction fac in tension <sup>4</sup>	tor for pullout strength	Фсь	-				0.6				
	CONCR	ETE BREAKOUT	STRENGTH IN								
Effective embedment		h <sub>ef</sub>	in (mm)	1 1/2 (38)	2 (51)	2 (51)	3 1/4 (83)	2 3/4 (70)	4 (102)	3 1/4 (83)	4 3/4 (121)
Effectiveness factor fo	r uncracked concrete9	k <sub>uncr</sub>	-	24	24	24	24	24	24	27	24
Effectiveness factor fo	r cracked concrete <sup>9</sup>	kcr	-	NA	17	17	17	21	17	21	21
Critical edge distance		Cac	in (mm)	2 3/4 (70)	6 (152)	6 (152)	7 1/2 (191)	7 (178)	8 1/2 (216)	9 (229)	12 (305)
Strength reduction fac in tension <sup>4</sup>	ctor for pullout strength	Фр	-				0.6	5			
Axial stiffness in	Uncracked concrete	$eta_{uncr}$	lb/in (kN/mm)	162,306 (28,424)	169,540 (29,690)	296,770 (51,972)	129,020 (22,594)	134,210 (23,503)	88,970 (15,580)	165,900 (29,053)	138,430 (24,242
service load range <sup>10</sup>	Cracked concrete	$\beta_{\text{cr}}$	lb/in (kN/mm)	NA	74,240 (13,001)	76,285 (13,359)	52,680 (9,225)	48,940 (8,570)	61,430 (10,758)	75,610 (13,241)	90,400 (15,830

Ref. **FT MTD-X-en** Rev: 15 **24/10/25 4** of **11** 

# **TEHCNICAL DATASHEET**



For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 in<sup>2</sup> = 645 mm<sup>2</sup>, 1 psi = 0,00689 N/mm<sup>2</sup>; 1 lb = 0,00445 kN, 1 lbf/in = 0,175 kN/mm

- 1. The data in this table is intended to be used with the design provisions of ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 or ACI 318 Appendix D, as applicable; for anchors resisting seismic load combinations the additional requirements of ACI 318-14 17.2.3 or ACI 318 D.3.3, as applicable, shall apply.
- 2. Installation must comply with published instructions and details.
- 3. Tabulated values for steel strength in tension are based on test results per ACI 355.2 and must be used for design.
- 4. All values of φ were determined from the load combinations of IBC Section 1605.2, ACI 318-14 Section 5.3 or ACI 318-11 Section 9.2, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, then the appropriate value of φ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4. For reinforcement that meets ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 or ACI 318 Appendix D, as applicable, requirements for Condition A, see ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, for the appropriate φ factor when the load combinations of IBC Section 1605.2, ACI 318-14 Section 5.3 or ACI 318-11 Section 9.2, as applicable, are used.
- 5. MTD-X wedge anchor is considered a ductile steel element in tension as defined by ACI 318-14 2.3 or ACI 318 D.1, as applicable.
- 6. For concrete compressive strength greater than 2,500 psi, N<sub>pn</sub> = (pullout strength value from table)\*(specified concrete compressive strength/2500)<sup>n</sup>
- 7. Pullout strength does not control design of indicated anchors. Do not calculate pullout strength for indicated anchor size and embedment
- 8. Reported values for characteristic pullout strength in tension for seismic applications are based on test results per ACI 355.2, Section 9.5
- 9. Select appropriate effectiveness factor for cracked concrete (k<sub>cr</sub>) or uncracked concrete (k<sub>ucr</sub>).
- 10. Mean values shown; actual stiffness varies considerable depending on concrete strength, loading and geometry of application.
- 11. Anchors are permitted to be used in sand-lightweight concrete provided that N<sub>b</sub>, N<sub>eq</sub> and N<sub>pn</sub> are multiplied by a factor of 0.60.

Shear design information 1,2										
Design characteristic	Notation	Units			Non	ninal and	hor diame	eter		
Design characteristic	Notation	Offics	1/4"	3/8"	1/	2"	5/8	B"	3/4	4"
Nominal embedment depth	h <sub>nom</sub>	in (mm)	1.68 (43)	2.33 (59)	2.33 (59)	3.59 (91)	3.23 (82)	4.49 (114)	3.74 (95)	5.26 (134)
Anchor category	1, 2 or 3	-	1	1	:	1	1		1	
	STEEL STRENG	TH IN SHEAR	(ACI 318-14	17.5.1 or A	CI 318-11 I	D.6.1)				
Minimum specified ultimate tensile strength (threads)	f <sub>uta</sub>	psi (N/mm²)	87,000 (600)	87,000 (600)		000 00)	87,0 (60		87,0 (60	
Minimum specified yield strength (threads)	fy	psi (N/mm²)	69,500 (480)	69,500 (480)		500 80)	69,5 (48		69,5 (48	
Effective tensile stress area (threads)	A <sub>se,V</sub>	in <sup>2</sup> (mm <sup>2</sup> )	0.0318 (20.5)	0.077 (49.7)	0.141 (91.0)	0.141 (91.0)	0.226 (145.8)	0.226 (145.8)	0.334 (215.5)	0.334 (215.5)
Steel strength in shear <sup>3</sup>	$V_{sa}$	lb (kN)	974 (4.33)	2,860 (12.7)	4,820 (21.4)	4,820 (21.4)	9,040 (40.2)	9,040 (40.2)	12,300 (54.7)	14,289 (63.5)
Steel strength in shear, seismic (2500 psi) <sup>5</sup>	V <sub>sa</sub> , eq	lb (kN)	NA	2,720 (12.1)	4,045 (17.9)	4,045 (17.9)	7,700 (34.2)	7,700 (34.2)	8,870 (39.4)	8,870 (39.4)
Safety factor for steel strength <sup>3</sup>	фѕа	-				0.	.65			
CONCE	RETE BREAKOUT	STRENGTH IN								
Nominal anchor diameter	d <sub>0</sub>	in (mm)	1/4 (6.4)	3/8 (9.5)	1/2 (12.7)	1/2 (12.7)	5/8 (15.9)	5/8 (15.9)	3/4 (19.1)	3/4 (19.1)
Load bearing length of anchor	le	in (mm)	1 1/2 (38)	2 (51)	2 (51)	3 1/4 (83)	2 3/4 (70)	4 (102)	3 1/4 (83)	4 3/4 (121)
Strength reduction factor for concrete strength in shear <sup>6</sup>	Фсь	-				0.	.70			
	PRYOUT STRENG	GTH IN SHEA	R (ACI 318-1	4 17.5.3 or A	ACI 318-11	D.6.3)				
Coefficient for pryout strength	k <sub>cp</sub>	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Effective embedment depth	h <sub>ef</sub>	in (mm)	1 1/2 (38)	2 (51)	2 (51)	3 1/4 (83)	2 3/4 (70)	4 (102)	3 1/4 (83)	4 3/4 (121)
Reduction factor for pryout strength in shear <sup>6</sup>	Фср	-				0.	.70			

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 in<sup>2</sup> =  $645 \text{ mm}^2$ , 1 psi =  $0,00689 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ; 1 lb = 0,00445 kN

- 1. The data in this table is intended to be used with the design provisions of ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 or ACI 318 Appendix D, as applicable; for anchors resisting seismic load combinations the additional requirements of ACI 318-14 17.2.3 or ACI 318 D.3.3 shall apply, as applicable.
- 2. Installation must comply with published instructions and details.
- 3. Reported values for steel strength in shear are based on test results per ACI 355.2, Section 9.4 and shall be used for design.
- 4. MTD-X is considered a ductile steel element as defined by ACI 318-14 2.3 or ACI 318-11 D.1, as applicable.
- 5. Reported values for steel strength in shear for seismic applications are based on test results per ACI 355.2, Section 9.6
- 6. All values of φ were determined from the load combinations of IBC Section 1605.2, ACI 318-14 Section 5.3 or ACI 318 Section 9.2. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, then the appropriate value of Φ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4. For reinforcement that meets ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D, as applicable, requirements for Condition A, see ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, for the appropriate φ factor when the load combinations of IBC Section 1605.2, ACI 318-14 Section 5.3 or ACI 318 Section 9.2 are used.
- 7. Anchors are permitted to be used in sand-lightweight concrete provided that  $V_b$  and  $V_{cp}$  are multiplied by a factor of 0.60.

Ref. FT MTD-X-en Rev: 15 24/10/25 5 of 11



#### Factored design strength ( $\Phi N_n$ and $\Phi V_n$ ) calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14:

- 1- Tabular values are provided for illustration and are applicable for single anchors installed in normal weight concrete with minimum slab thickness,  $h_a = h_{min}$ , and with the following conditions:
  - $C_{a1}$  is greater than or equal to the critical edge distance,  $C_{ac}$  (table values based on  $C_{a1} = C_{ac}$ ).
  - C<sub>a2</sub> is greater than or equal to 1.5 times C<sub>a1</sub>.
- 2- Calculations were performed according to ACI 318-14. The load level corresponding to the controlling failure mode is listed. (e.g. For tension: steel, concrete breakout and pullout; For shear: steel, concrete breakout and pryout). Furthermore, the capacities for concrete breakout strength in tension and pryout strength in shear are calculated using the effective embedment values, her, for the selected anchors as noted in the design information tables. Please also reference the installation specifications for more information.
- 3- Strength reduction factors (Φ) were based on ACI 318-14 section 17.3.3 for load combinations. Condition B is assumed. Condition B is applied where supplementary reinforcement is not supplied.
- 4- Tabular values are permitted for static loads only, seismic loading is not considered with these tables.
- 5- For designs that include combined tension and shear, the interaction of tension and shear loads must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 section 17.6.
- 6- Interpolation is not permitted to be used with the tabular values. For intermediate base material compressive strengths please see ACI 318-14. For other design conditions including seismic considerations please see ACI 318-14.

#### Tension and shear design strengths for MTD-X in cracked concrete

		Minimum concrete compressive strength												
Nominal anchor	Nominal embed.	f'c = 2,5	00 psi	f' <sub>c</sub> = 3,000 psi		f' <sub>c</sub> = 4,000 psi		f' <sub>c</sub> = 6,000 psi		f' <sub>c</sub> = 8,000 psi				
diameter (in.)	h <sub>nom</sub> (in.)	ΦN <sub>n</sub> Tension (lbs.)	ΦV <sub>n</sub> Shear (lbs.)	ΦN <sub>n</sub> Tension (lbs.)	ΦV <sub>n</sub> Shear (lbs.)	ΦN <sub>n</sub> Tension (lbs.)	ΦV <sub>n</sub> Shear (lbs.)	ΦN <sub>n</sub> Tension (lbs.)	ΦV <sub>n</sub> Shear (lbs.)	ΦN <sub>n</sub> Tension (lbs.)	ΦV <sub>n</sub> Shear (lbs.)			
3/8	2.33	1,406	1,683	1,540	1,844	1,778	1,859	2,178	1,859	2,515	1,859			
4 /2	2.33	1,563	1,683	1,712	1,844	1,977	2,129	2,421	2,607	2,795	3,010			
1/2	3.59	2,764	3,133	3,006	3,133	3,431	3,133	4,134	3,133	4,719	3,133			
- /o	3.23	3,112	5,876	3,410	5,876	3,937	5,876	4,822	5,876	5,568	5,876			
5/8	4.49	4,420	5,876	4,842	5,876	5,591	5,876	6,847	5,876	7,907	5,876			
2/4	3.74	3,999	7,995	4,380	7,995	5,058	7,995	6,195	7,995	7,153	7,995			
3/4	5.26	7,066	9,282	7,740	9,282	8,937	9,282	10,946	9,282	12,639	9,282			
	Color code:		Pullout		Concre	te / pryout			Stee					

#### Tension and shear design strengths for MTD-X in uncracked concrete

			Minimum concrete compressive strength											
Nominal anchor	Nominal embed.	f'c = 2,5	00 psi	f'c = 3,000 psi		f'c = 4,0	000 psi	f'c = 6,0	00 psi	f'c = 8,0	000 psi			
diameter (in.)	h <sub>nom</sub> (in.)	ΦN <sub>n</sub> Tension (lbs.)	ΦV <sub>n</sub> Shear (lbs.)	ΦN <sub>n</sub> Tension (lbs.)	ФV <sub>n</sub> Shear (lbs.)	ΦN <sub>n</sub> Tension (lbs.)	ФV <sub>n</sub> Shear (lbs.)	ΦN <sub>n</sub> Tension (lbs.)	ΦV <sub>n</sub> Shear (lbs.)	ΦN <sub>n</sub> Tension (lbs.)	ФV <sub>n</sub> Shear (lbs.)			
1/4	1.68	1,024	633	1,085	633	1,190	633	1,355	633	1,485	633			
3/8	2.33	2,161	1,859	2,316	1,859	2,584	1,859	3,014	1,859	3,362	1,859			
1/0	2.33	2,206	2,376	2,369	2,603	2,650	3,005	3,104	3,133	3,472	3,133			
1/2	3.59	3,720	3,133	4,075	3,133	4,705	3,133	5,763	3,133	6,654	3,133			
5.40	3.23	3,557	5,876	3,897	5,876	4,499	5,876	5,511	5,876	6,363	5,876			
5/8	4.49	6,240	5,876	6,836	5,876	7,893	5,876	9,667	5,876	11,162	5,876			
2/4	3.74	5,141	7,995	5,632	7,995	6,503	7,995	7,965	7,995	9,197	7,995			
3/4	5.26	8,075	9,282	8,846	9,282	10,214	9,282	12,510	9,282	14,444	9,282			
	Color code:		Pullout		Concre	te / pryout			Steel					

Ref. **FT MTD-X-en** Rev: 15 **24/10/25 6** of **11** 



#### Converted allowable loads for MTD-X

ESR-4200 provides design information for load factor and characteristic resistance (LRFD), however allowable stress design (ASD) is still in use by some users. Translation of LRFD to ASD values is possible, however it is dependent on the levels of dead load and live load. Dead load is defined in the ACI 318 Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete as "the weights of members, supported structure and permanent attachments that are likely to be present on a structure in service". Live load is defined in ACI 318-14 as "load that is not permanently applied to a structure, but is likely to occur during the service life of the structure (excluding environmental loads)". Examples of live loads are traffic on a walkway and nonpermanent loads associated with usage of a structure. Live load values are stipulated in the building code for various loading conditions and parts of structures.

To facilitate the translation of LRFD characteristic values to ASD values, a scenario of dead load and live load level is used to conservatively address the most common application as follows: 30% dead load; 70% live load. ACI 318-14 Equation (5.3.1b) provides a conversion factor of 1,48 which is divided into the LRFD characteristic resistances and multiplied by a  $\phi$  factor (according to the failure type) to determine an equivalent ASD load.

It is the responsibility of the user to select the appropriate ASD values based on the example loadings shown in this document or alternative dead versus live loading that may be applicable to the specific design.

The ASD values are provided in the following tables for tension and shear for different concrete strengths. Other installation and design provisions in ESR-4200 must be followed.

#### Converted allowable loads for MTD-X in cracked concrete

		Minimum concrete compressive strength												
Nominal anchor	Nominal embed.	f´ <sub>c</sub> = 2,500 psi		f´c = 3,000 psi		f´ <sub>c</sub> = 4,000 psi		f' <sub>c</sub> = 6,000 psi		f' <sub>c</sub> = 8,000 psi				
diameter (in.)	h <sub>nom</sub> (in.)	T <sub>allowable ASD</sub> Tension (lb)	V <sub>allowable ASD</sub> Shear (lb)	T <sub>allowable ASD</sub> Tension (lb)	V <sub>allowable ASD</sub> Shear (lb)	T <sub>allowable ASD</sub> Tension (lb)	V <sub>allowable ASD</sub> Shear (lb)	T <sub>allowable ASD</sub> Tension (lb)	V <sub>allowable ASD</sub> Shear (lb)	T <sub>allowable ASD</sub> Tension (lb)	V <sub>allowable ASD</sub> Shear (lb)			
3/8	2.33	950	1,137	1,041	1,246	1,336	1,256	1,472	1,256	1,699	1,256			
1/2	2.33	1,056	1,137	1,157	1,246	1,336	1,438	1,636	1,762	1,889	2,034			
1/2	3.59	1,867	2,118	2,031	2,118	2,318	2,118	2,793	2,118	3,189	2,118			
5/8	3.23	2,103	3,971	2,304	3,971	2,660	3,971	3,258	3,971	3,762	3,971			
5/8	4.49	2,986	3,971	3,272	3,971	3,778	3,971	4,627	3,971	5,342	3,971			
3/4	3.74	2,702	5,402	2,960	5,402	3,418	5,402	4,186	5,402	4,883	5,402			
5/4	5.26	4,774	6,270	5,230	6,270	6,039	6,270	7,396	6,270	8,540	6,270			

- 1. Allowable load values are calculated using a conversion factor,  $\alpha$ , from factored design strengths.
- 2. Tabulated allowable load values assume 30% dead load and 70% live load, with controlling load combination 1,2D + 1,6L. Calculated weighted average for the conversion factor,  $\alpha = 1,2*(0,3) + 1,6*(0,7) = 1,48$ .

## Converted allowable loads for MTD-X in uncracked concrete

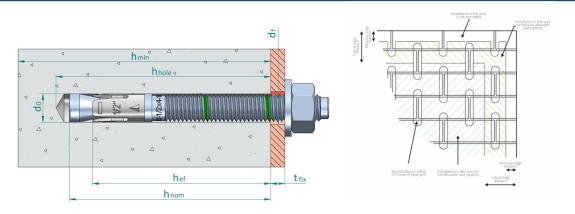
			Minimum concrete compressive strength												
Nominal anchor	Nominal embed.	f' <sub>c</sub> = 2,5	600 psi	f' <sub>c</sub> = 3,000 psi		f' <sub>c</sub> = 4,000 psi		f' <sub>c</sub> = 6,000 psi		f' <sub>c</sub> = 8,000 psi					
diameter (in.)	h <sub>nom</sub> (in.)	T <sub>allowable ASD</sub> Tension (lb)	V <sub>allowable ASD</sub> Shear (lb)	T <sub>allowable ASD</sub> Tension (lb)	V <sub>allowable ASD</sub> Shear (lb)	T <sub>allowable ASD</sub> Tension (lb)	V <sub>allowable ASD</sub> Shear (lb)	T <sub>allowable ASD</sub> Tension (lb)	V <sub>allowable ASD</sub> Shear (lb)	T <sub>allowable ASD</sub> Tension (lb)	V <sub>allowable ASD</sub> Shear (lb)				
1/4	1.68	692	428	733	428	804	428	915	428	1,004	428				
3/8	2.33	1,460	1,256	1,565	1,256	1,746	1,256	2,037	1,256	2,272	1,256				
1/2	2.33	1,491	1,605	1,600	1,759	1,790	2,031	2,097	2,117	2,346	2,117				
1/2	3.59	2,513	2,117	2,753	2,117	3,179	2,117	3,894	2,117	4,496	2,117				
F /0	3.23	2,403	3,970	2,633	3,970	3,040	3,970	3,723	3,970	4,299	3,970				
5/8	4.49	4,216	3,970	4,619	3,970	5,333	3,970	6,532	3,970	7,542	3,970				
2/4	3.74	3,474	5,402	3,805	5,402	4,394	5,402	5,382	5,402	6,214	5,402				
3/4	5.26	5,456	6,272	5,977	6,272	6,901	6,272	8,452	6,272	9,760	6,272				

- 1. Allowable load values are calculated using a conversion factor,  $\alpha$ , from factored design strengths.
- 2. Tabulated allowable load values assume 30% dead load and 70% live load, with controlling load combination 1,2D + 1,6L. Calculated weighted average for the conversion factor,  $\alpha = 1,2*(0,3) + 1,6*(0,7) = 1,48$ .

Ref. FT MTD-X-en Rev: 15 24/10/25 7 of 11



# 6. INSTALLATION DATA IN GROUTED CMU MASONRY



Parameter	Symbol	Units	Nominal anchor diameter							
Parameter	Symbol	Units	1/4"	3/8"	1/	<b>'</b> 2"	5/	8"	3,	/4"
ICC approved			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Outside diameter	d <sub>0</sub>	in (mm)	1/4 (6.4)	3/8 (9.5)	1/2 (12.7)	1/2 (12.7)	5/8 (15.9)	5/8 (15.9)	3/4 (19.1)	3/4 (19.1)
Nominal embedment depth	h <sub>nom</sub>	in (mm)	1.68 (43)	2.33 (59)	2.33 (59)	3.59 (91)	3.23 (82)	4.49 (114)	3.74 (95)	5.26 (134)
Effective embedment depth	h <sub>ef</sub>	in (mm)	1 1/2 (38)	2 (51)	2 (51)	3 1/4 (83)	2 3/4 (70)	4 (102)	3 1/4 (83)	4 3/4 (121)
Minimum hole depth	h <sub>hole</sub>	in (mm)	2 (51)	2 5/8 (67)	2 5/8 (67)	4 (102)	3 1/2 (89)	4 3/4 (121)	4 (102)	5 3/4 (146)
Maximum fixture clearance hole dia.	df	in (mm)	5/16 (7.9)	7/16 (11.1)	9/16 (14.3)	9/16 (14.3)	11/16 (17.5)	11/16 (17.5)	7/8 (22.2)	7/8 (22.2)
Installation torque	T <sub>inst</sub>	ft lbf (Nm)	4 (5)	10 (14)	30 (41)	30 (41)	50 (68)	50 (68)	75 (102)	75 (102)
Minimum Distance to the Head Joint	C <sub>minHJ</sub>	in (mm)	2 1/2 (64)	2 1/2 (64)	2 1/2 (64)	2 1/2 (64)	2 1/2 (64)	2 1/2 (64)	2 1/2 (64)	2 1/2 (64)
Minimum edge distance and	Cmin	in (mm)	2 (51)	6 1/2 (165)	7 (178)	7 (178)	10 (254)	10 (254)	14 (356)	14 (356)
spacing, field of wall	Smin	in (mm)	3 (76)	4 (102)	4 (102)	4 (102)	8 (203)	8 (203)	8 (203)	8 (203)
Minimum edge distance and	C <sub>min</sub>	in (mm)	1 3/4 (44)	2 (51)	3 3/4 (95)	3 3/4 (95)	4 (102)	4 (102)	4 (102)	4 (102)
spacing, top of wall	S <sub>min</sub>	in (mm)	3 3/4 (95)	5 (127)	8 (203)	8 (203)	8 (203)	8 (203)	10 (254)	10 (254)
Minimum overall anchor length	<b>ℓ</b> anc	in (mm)	2 1/4 (57)	3 (76)	3 1/2 (89)	4 1/2 (114)	4 1/4 (108)	5 1/2 (140)	5 (127)	6 1/2 (165)
Spanner	SW	-	7/16	9/16	3	/4	15	/16		1-1/8

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 ft-lb = 1.356 Nm.

The embedment depth, h<sub>nom</sub>, is measured from the outside surface of the concrete member to the embedded end of the anchor prior to tightening.

The listed minimum overall anchor length is based on anchor sizes commercially available at the time of publication compared with the requirements to achieve the minimum nominal embedment depth and possible fixture attachment.

Holes in metal fixtures to be mounted should match the diameter specified in the table.

 $\label{lem:caution:caution} \textbf{Caution: do not use impact wrench to set or tighten anchor.}$ 

Caution: oversized holes in base material will make it difficult to set the anchor and will reduce the anchors' load capacity

Ref. FT MTD-X-en Rev: 15 24/10/25 8 of 11



# 7. PRODUCT INSTALLATION IN GROUTED MASONRY



#### 1. DRILLING

Drill a hole into the base material of the correct diameter and depth using a drill bit that meets the requirements of ANSI B212.15



#### 2. BLOW AND CLEAN

Remove dust and debris from hole using a hand pump, compressed air or a vacuum to remove loose particles left from drilling.



## 3. INSTALL

Position the washer on the anchor and thread on the nut. If installing through a fixture drive the anchor through the fixture into the hole. Be sure the anchor is driven until the corresponding green mark depth is levelled with the base material surface. Use a hammer if necessary.



#### 4. APPLY THE TORQUE

Tighten the anchor with a torque wrench by applying the required installation torque,  $T_{ins}$ . Note: the threaded stud will draw up during tightening of the nut the expansion wedge (nut) remains in the original position. Once installed, the total length of the anchor may be checked using the letter on the head

8. INSTALLATIO	8. INSTALLATION ACCESSORIES											
Code no.	Description	Box qty.	Image									
МОВОМВА	Hand pump / Dust blower.	1										
MORCEPKIT	Kit 3 cleaning brushes	1	1									

Ref. **FT MTD-X-en** Rev: 15 **24/10/25 9** of **11** 



# 9. DESIGN INFORMATION IN GROUTED CMU MASORNY

Tension design in	formation										
	Notation	Units	Nominal anchor diameter								
Design characteristic			1/4" 3/8"		1/2"		5/8"		3/4"		
Nominal embedment	t depth	h <sub>nom</sub>	in (mm)	1.68 (43)	2.33 (59)	2.33 (59)	3.59 (91)	3.23 (82)	4.49 (114)	3.74 (95)	5.26 (134)
Anchor category		1, 2 or 3	-	2	1	2	2		1	1	
		STEEL STRENG	TH IN TENSIO	N (ACI 318-:	14 17.4.1 or	ACI 318-11	D.5.1)				
Minimum specified u (neck)	ltimate tensile strength	f <sub>uta</sub>	psi (N/mm²)	113,000 (780)	108,788 (750)		,878 30)			95,7 (66	
Minimum specified y	ield strength (neck)	f <sub>y</sub>	psi (N/mm²)	90,500 (624)	87,023 (585)	84,847 81,221 (585) (560)			76,870 (530)		
Effective tensile stres	ss area (neck)	Ase	in² (mm²)	0.0230 (14,8)	0.0562 (36.3)	0.100			0.238 (153.5)		
Steel strength in tension <sup>3</sup>		N <sub>sa</sub>	lb (kN)	2,599 (11.6)	6,125 (27.2)	10,600 (47.2)		16,240 (72.2)		22,730 (101.1)	
Safety factor for stee	l strength <sup>4</sup>	фѕа	-				0.7	5			
		PULLOUT S	TRENGTH IN	TENSION (A	C 01 3.3.2.1	7 and 3.3.2.	18)				
Characteristic pullout strength, uncracked masonry		N <sub>p,uncr</sub>	lb (kN)	322 (1.43)	1,123 (4.99)	1,130 (5.03)	1,793 (7.98)	2,667 (11.86)	3,021 (13.44)	2,004 (8.92)	3,881 (17,26)
Characteristic pullout strength, cracked masonry		N <sub>p,cr</sub>	lb (kN)	NA	513 (2,28)	461 (2.05)	732 (3.26)	1,838	2.082	2,004 (8.92)	3,881
Characteristic pullout strength, top of wall		$N_{p,top}$	lb (kN)	322 (1.43)	901 (4.01)	874	1,793 (7.98)	2,512	2,564	1,621	3,881
Strength reduction factor for pullout strength in tension <sup>4</sup>		Фсь	-	0.55	0.65	0.55	0.55	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
Axial stiffness in service load range <sup>6</sup>	Uncracked masonry	$eta_{uncr}$	lb/in (kN/mm)	95,897 (16,794)	109,433 (19,165)	83,268 (14,582)	51,163 (8,960)	105,229 (18,428)	87,500 (15,324)	171,765 (30,081)	156,486 (27.405
	Cracked masonry	βcr	lb/in (kN/mm)	NA	26,481 (4,637)	64,565 (11,307)	45160 (7,909)	58,928 (10,320)	70,581 (12,361)	112,735	36,951 (6,471)
	Top of wall	$\beta_{top}$	lb/in (kN/mm)	23,608 (4,134)	53,106 (9,300)	72,835 (12,755)	48,774 (8,542)	28,753 (5,035)	29,458 (5,159)	14,498 (2,539)	37,868 (6,632)
Coefficient of variation for axial stiffness in service load range <sup>6</sup>	Uncracked masonry	Vuncr	%	72	158	55	47	73	30	43	143
	Cracked masonry	Vcr	%	NA	59	44	49	54	87	64	23
	Top of wall	$V_{top}$	%	99	134	107	82	75	58	55	43

## **Tension shear information**

	STEEL STRENG	TH IN TENSIO	N (ACI 318-	14 17.4.1 or	ACI 318-11 D.5.1)			
Minimum specified ultimate tensile strength thread) $f_{\text{tuta}}$ $gsi$ $gsi$ $gray (N/mm^2)$ $gray (S/mm^2)$ $gray (S/mm^2)$ $gray (S/mm^2)$ $gray (S/mm^2)$								
Minimum specified yield strength (thread)	f <sub>y</sub>	psi (N/mm²)			69,6: (480			
Effective tensile stress area (thread)	A <sub>se</sub>	in <sup>2</sup> (mm <sup>2</sup> )	0.0318 (20.5)	0.0775 (50.0)	0.1419 (91.5)	0.2260 (145.8)	0.3345 (215.8)	
Steel strength in shear, field of wall	Vsa	lb (kN)	828 (3.68)	1,599 (7.11)	2,252 (10.02)	3,519 (15.65)	5,717 (25.43)	
Steel strength in shear, top of wall	V <sub>sa,top</sub>	lb (kN)	162 (0.72)	593 (2.64)	1,479 (8.68)	1,446 (6.43)	2,734 (12.16)	
Safety factor for steel strength <sup>4</sup>	фѕа	-			0.69	5		

- For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 in² = 645 mm², 1 psi = 0,00689 N/mm²; 1 lb = 0,00445 kN, 1 lbf/in = 0,175 kN/mm

  1. The data in this table is intended to be used with the design provisions of ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 or ACI 318 Appendix D, as applicable.
  - Installation must comply with published instructions and details.
  - Tabulated values for steel strength in tension are based on test results per ACI 01 and must be used for design.
  - All values of  $\varphi$  were determined from AC 01 section 3.3.2.9
  - $MTD-X\ wedge\ anchor\ is\ considered\ a\ ductile\ steel\ element\ in\ tension\ as\ defined\ by\ AC\ 01\ Table\ 2.3.$
  - Mean values shown; actual stiffness varies considerable depending on base material strength, loading and geometry of application.
  - Anchors are permitted to be used in sand-lightweight aggregate and light weight units provided  $\lambda_a$  is taken as 1.0.

FT MTD-X-en Ref. Rev: 15 24/10/25 **10** of **11** 



#### Factored design strength (ΦN<sub>n</sub> and ΦV<sub>n</sub>) calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14:

- Tabular values are provided for illustration and are applicable for single anchors installed in fully grouted CMU masonry applications:
- 2. Edge distances C<sub>a1</sub> are greater than or equal to the minimum distance to head of join c<sub>minHJ</sub>, minimum distance to field of wall C<sub>min</sub> and minimum distance to top of wall C<sub>min,top</sub>
- 3. Calculations were performed according to ACI 318-14 and AC 01 section 3.3.
- 4. Strength reduction factors (Φ) were based on AC01 section 3.3.2.9.
- 5. Tabular values are permitted for static loads only.
- For designs that include combined tension and shear, the interaction of tension and shear loads must be calculated in accordance with ACI 314-18 section 17.6.
- 7. Interpolation is not permitted to be used with the tabular values.

#### Tension and shear design strengths for MTD-X in masonry

Nominal anchor diameter (in.)	Nominal		Uncrack	0				
	embed.	Field of	f wall	Тор о	f wall	Cracked masonry		
	h <sub>nom</sub> (in.)	ΦN <sub>n</sub>	ΦVn	ΦN <sub>n</sub>	ΦVn	ΦN <sub>n</sub>	ΦVn	
		Tension (lb.)	Shear (lb.)	Tension (lb.)	Shear (lb.)	Tension (lb.)	Shear (lb.)	
1/4	1 5/8	177	538	177	105			
3/8	2.33	730	1.039	585	365	333	1.039	
1/2	2 33	621	1,464	480	912	253	1,464	
	3,59	986	1,464	986	912	403	1,464	
5/8	3,23	1,733	2,287	1,633	892	1,194	2,287	
	4,49	1,963	2,287	1,667	892	1,353	2,287	
3/4	3,74	1,302	3,716	1,053	1,686	1,302	3,716	
	5,26	2,522	3,716	2,522	1,686	2,522	3,716	

#### Converted allowable loads for MTD-X

ESR-5412 provides design information for load factor and characteristic resistance (LRFD), however allowable stress design (ASD) is still in use by some users. Translation of LRFD to ASD values is possible, however it is dependent on the levels of dead load and live load. Dead load is defined in the ACI 318 Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete as "the weights of members, supported structure and permanent attachments that are likely to be present on a structure in service". Live load is defined in ACI 318-14 as "load that is not permanently applied to a structure but is likely to occur during the service life of the structure (excluding environmental loads)". Examples of live loads are traffic on a walkway and non-permanent loads associated with usage of a structure. Live load values are stipulated in the building code for various loading conditions and parts of structures.

To facilitate the translation of LRFD characteristic values to ASD values, a scenario of dead load and live load level is used to conservatively address the most common application as follows: 30% dead load; 70% live load. AC 01 Equation (3.4) provides a conversion factor of 1,48 which is divided into the LRFD characteristic resistances and multiplied by a  $\phi$  factor (according to the failure type) to determine an equivalent ASD load.

It is the responsibility of the user to select the appropriate ASD values based on the example loadings shown in this document or alternative dead versus live loading that may be applicable to the specific design.

## Converted allowable loads for MTD-X in masonry

Nominal anchor diameter (in.)	Nominal		Uncrack					
	embed.	Field of	wall	Тор о	f wall	Cracked masonry		
		ΦN <sub>n</sub>	ΦVn	ΦNn	ΦVn	ΦNn	ΦVn	
	(in.)	Tension (lb.)	Shear (lb.)	Tension (lb.)	Shear (lb.)	Tension (lb.)	Shear (lb.)	
1/4	1 5/8	120	363	120	71			
3/8	2.33	493	702	396	247	225	396	
1/2	2 33	420	989	324	616	171	989	
	3,59	666	989	666	616	272	989	
510	3,23	1,171	1,545	1,103	603	807	1,545	
5/8	4,49	1,327	1,545	1,126	603	914	1,545	
3/4	3,74	880	2,511	712	1,139	880	2,511	
	5,26	1,704	2,511	1,704	1,139	1,704	2,511	

<sup>1.</sup> Allowable load values are calculated using a conversion factor, α, from factored design strengths.

Ref. **FT MTD-X-en** Rev: 15 **24/10/25 11** of **11** 

Tabulated allowable load values assume 30% dead load and 70% live load, with controlling load combination 1,2D + 1,6L.
Calculated weighted average for the conversion factor, α = 1,2\*(0,3) + 1,6\*(0,7) = 1,48.